## In the claims:

## 1. **(original)** A compound represented by formula **I**:

$$R^{4}O$$
 $R^{4}O$ 
 $R^{0}$ 
 $R^{0}$ 

wherein,

n is 1-4;

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>; or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, P(O)OH, or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>;

 $R^3$  is amino,  $-N_3$ , or  $-NH_3X$ ;

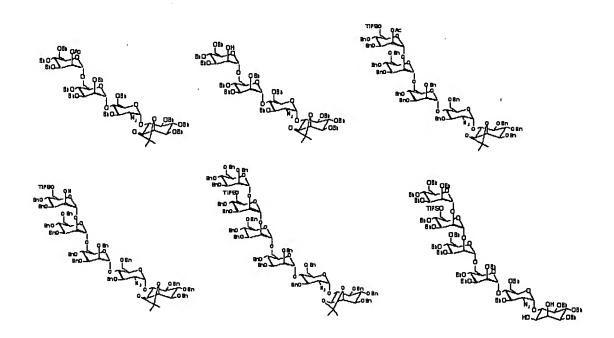
 $R^4$  represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>, or -P(O)(OR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, Li<sup>+</sup>, Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, aryl, or an optionally substituted alkyl group; and

X is a halogen, alkyl carboxylate, or aryl carboxylate.

- 2. **(original)** The compound of claim 1, wherein n is 1, 2, or 3.
- 3. **(original)** The compound of claim 1, wherein n is 3.

- 4. (**original**) The compound of claim 1, wherein R is H.
- 5. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are  $P(O)OR^5$ .
- 6. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is  $N_3$ .
- 7. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is -NH<sub>3</sub>X.
- 8. **(original)** The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;
- 9. (**original**) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, -or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>; and R<sup>5</sup> is an optionally substituted alkyl group.
- 10. **(original)** The compound of claim 1, wherein said compound of formula **I** is selected from the group consisting of:



## 11. (original) A compound represented by formula II:

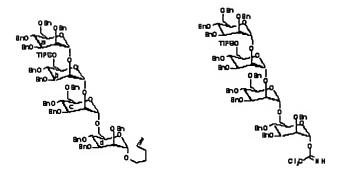
wherein,

n is 1-4;

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, - $CH_2$ -aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or - $Si(alkyl)_3$ ;

 $R^1$  is  $-(CH_2)_mCH=CH_2$  or trichloroacetimidate; and m is 1-6.

- 12. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein n is 2 or 3.
- 13. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein n is 3.
- 14. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein m is 3.
- 15. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein R represents independently for each occurrence -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>.
- 16. (**original**) The compound of claim 11, wherein R represents independently for each occurrence benzyl or -Si(iPr)<sub>3</sub>.
- 17. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is trichloroacetimidate and R represents independently for each occurrence benzyl or -Si(iPr)<sub>3</sub>. and
- 18. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein said compound of formula II is selected from the group consisting of:



19. **(original)** A method of preparing glycosylphosphatidylinositol glycans as depicted in Scheme 5:

Scheme 5

wherein,

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>; or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, P(O)OH, or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>;

 $R^3$  is amino,  $-N_3$ , or  $-NH_3X$ ;

R<sup>5</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, Li<sup>+</sup>, Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, aryl, or an optionally substituted alkyl group;

R6 is alkyl or aryl;

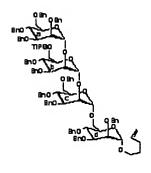
 $R^7$  is alkyl, aryl, -CH2-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)3; and

X is a halogen, alkyl carboxylate, or aryl carboxylate.

- 20. (**original**) The method of claim 19, wherein R is -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl.
- 21. (**original**) The method of claim 19, wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are  $C(CH_3)_2$ .
- 22. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein  $R^3$  is  $-N_3$ .
- 23. **(original)** The method of claim 19, wherein R<sup>6</sup> is alkyl.
- 24. **(original)** The method of claim 19, wherein R<sup>7</sup> is -C(O)-alkyl.
- 25. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein R is benzyl,  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are  $C(CH_3)_2$ , and  $R^3$  is  $-N_3$ .
- 26. **(original)** The method of claim 19, wherein R is benzyl, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> taken together are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, R<sup>3</sup> is -N<sub>3</sub>, and R<sup>6</sup> is ethyl.
- 27. **(original)** A method of preparing glycosylphosphatidylinositol glycans, comprising the steps of:

binding a mannopyranoside to a solid support to provide a first substrate, reacting said first substrate with a mannopyranose trichloroacetimidate to give a disaccharide bound to said solid support, reacting said disaccharide with a mannopyranose trichloroacetimidate to give a triisaccharide bound to said solid support, reacting said trisaccharide with a mannopyranose trichloroacetimidate to give a tetrasaccharide bound to said solid support, and cleaving said tetrasaccharide from said solid support.

- 28. **(original)** The method of claim 27, wherein said mannopyranoside is bound to said solid support through a glycosidic linkage.
- 29. (**original**) The method of claim 27, wherein said tetrasaccharide is cleaved from said solid support using Grubbs' catalyst.
- 30. **(original)** The method of claim 27, wherein said tetrasaccharide is represented by formula **VI**:



VI